Coronavirus' Effect on College Students' Mental Health and Overall Well-Being Azizat Ajiborode, Cydney Hill, Bethany Cuyler, llaiah Maxwell Department of Behavioral Sciences & Human Services, Bowie State University

Hypothesis

1. The first hypothesis is that Covid-19 has caused changes in normal life routines in college students. 2. The second hypothesis is Covid-19 has led to more stress seen in college students. 3. The final hypothesis is there are mixed feelings regarding online learning for students (some are for, others against).

PARTICIPANTS

54 Students** \$49 Women/5 Men **Average Age = 22 Classification Freshman (N= 1)** \$\$ Sophomore (N= 1) \Rightarrow Junior (N= 9) \Rightarrow Senior (N= 43) **Race A frican American (N = 51),***White**, (N= 0), \Rightarrow Latino (N = 1), Asian (N = 1),Aiddle Eastern (N = 1)MEASURES Stress scale (Range = 6-20; 20 = high stress; M = 12.43) COVID Stress scale (Range = 1-10; 10 = high COVID stress; M = 5.17Depression scale (Range – 0-5; 5 = high depression; M = 1.53) GPA (Range: 2.5-2.99 & 3.0-3.499)

RESULTS

1. COVID-19 and Depression r=.368 p=.007 : Not significant **Stress and Depression** r=.492 p= .000 : Not significant Those who indicated stress levels did not report to have depression 2. GPA and COVID-19 r=.015 p=.918 : Significant Participants indicated that their GPA was effected by Covid-19 (either increase or decrease in grade point average). 3. COVID-19 and Online Sat r = .068 p = .630 : Significant Participants reported Covid-19 had an effect on their attitude towards online sat. (for or against)

DISCUSSION

1. Many students have reported to miss their life and learning habits prior to covid-19 2. Some Students have reported that COVID-19 has caused them to fall into depression and increase their stress level. 3. Many of the student's GPA was not negatively affected

by COVID-19. Almost half of the student's GPA are above 3.0.

