African Americans at Historically Black Colleges and Universities (HBCUs) and Predominantly White Institutions (PWIs)

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HYPOTHESES

- ✓ The first hypothesis explored differences in ease of transition to college between African American students who attended a PWI versus and HBCU.
- ✓ The second hypothesis analyzed differences between students who attended a PWI versus an HBCU in terms of whether they were told that HBCUs lack academic rigor.

PARTICIPANTS

- 45 Students
- 44 Females/6 Males
- ❖ Average Age = 18 − 22 years old
- * Race:
 - African American (N= 37)
 - ❖ White (N=1)
 - Hispanic (N=3)
 - Asian (N=1)
 - Three participants indicated their race as Other.

MEASURES

- ❖ Did you ever attend a PWI? HBCU? Or Both?
- * Was your transition to college easy? (yes/no)
- Where you ever told that HBCUs lack academic rigor (yes/no)

RESULTS

- ✓ The first hypothesis explored differences in ease of transition to college between African American students who attended a PWI versus and HBCU.
 - ✓ The transition to college was easier for African American students attending an HBCU $\checkmark X^2$ (1) = 23.82, p = .000
- ✓ The second hypothesis analyzed differences between students who attended a PWI versus an HBCU in terms of whether they were told that HBCUs lack academic rigor.
 - ✓ There were no significant differences between groups.

$$\checkmark X^2$$
 (2) = 1.11, p = .574

DISCUSSION

- The results of this study suggest the following:
 - African American college students had an easy transfer to an HBCU.
 - Not enough students went to a PWI and transferred to a HBCU.

